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$$f(x) = (x-2)^3$$

domain: \mathbb{R} or $(-\infty, \infty)$
 range: \mathbb{R} or $(-\infty, \infty)$

a) $y = (x-2)^3$

c) $x = (y-2)^3$ - solve for y :

$$\sqrt[3]{x} = y - 2$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x} + 2 = y$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$$

domain: \mathbb{R} or $(-\infty, \infty)$

range: \mathbb{R} or $(-\infty, \infty)$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$$

b) $f(x) = (x-2)^3$ - graph of x^3 shifted horizontally 2 units right

$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$ - graph of $\sqrt[3]{x}$ shifted vertically 2 units up.

