

5) For the geometric sequence $\{S_n\}$:

$-1, 7, -49, 343, \dots$

that starts with an initial index of 0

a) what is the initial term?

b) what is the common ratio?

c) Find S_4

d) Find S_{32}

6) Find $\sum_{j=0}^3 (j+3)^2$

7) Find $\sum_{i=-3}^2 (2i+5)$

8) pull out the last term from the summation
 $\sum_{i=0}^{1000} (-1)^i$

9) pull out the last term from the summation
 $\sum_{j=-3}^{k+4} 3^{j-3}$

10) change the summation $\sum_{i=-5}^{30} i^4$ so that
 the lower limit is 1 (not -5).