

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

Edgar Dijkstra's algorithm:

set all vertices to have parent **None**.

set distance for all vertices to *infinity*

set distance for source vertex to **0**

insert all vertices into a **priority queue** (by distance, smallest first).

→ **while** **priority queue is not empty**:

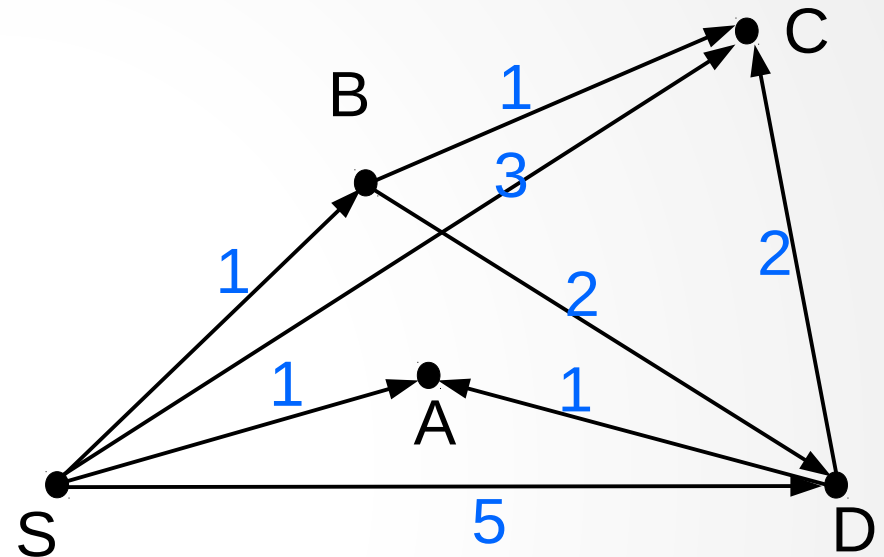
 dequeue a vertex **v** with the shortest distance

for each vertex **w** adjacent to **v**:

if **w's distance** > (**v's distance** + **weight(v,w)**):

 set **w's parent** to **v**

 set **w's distance** to **v's dist.** + **weight(v,w)**



0 ∞ ∞ ∞ ∞

priority queue: S, A, B, C, D

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	None	None	None	None
dist.	0	infty	infty	infty	infty

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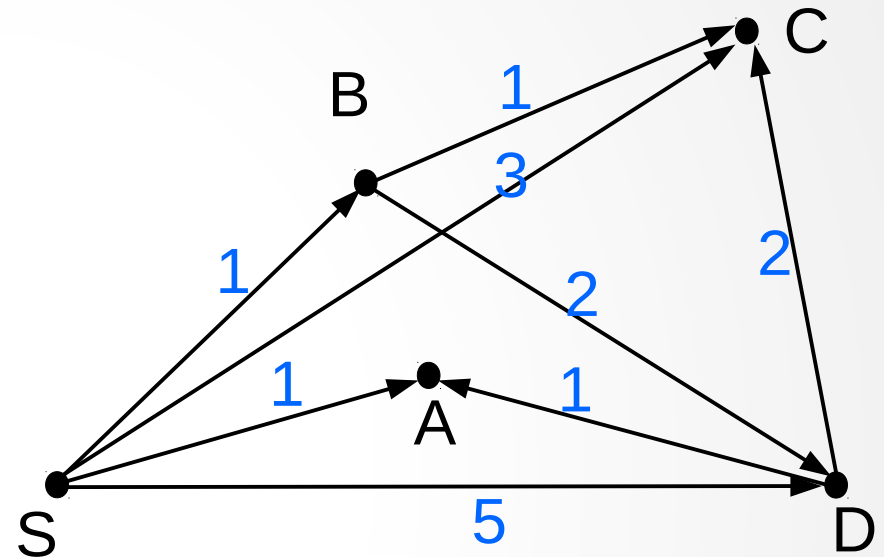
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0 ∞ ∞ ∞ ∞

priority queue: ~~S~~, A, B, C, D

dequeued: S

adjacent to S:

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	None	None	None	None
dist.	0	infty	infty	infty	infty

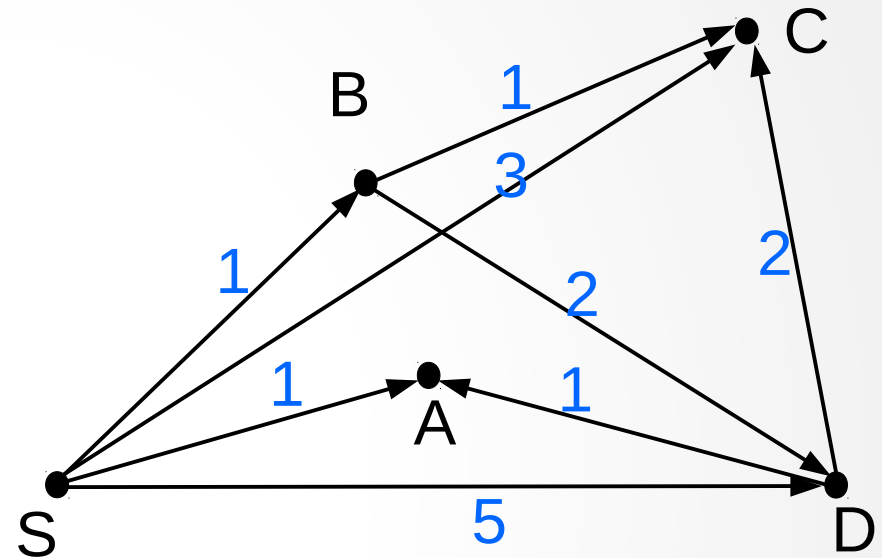
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parent	None	None	None	None	None
dist.	0	infty	infty	infty	infty

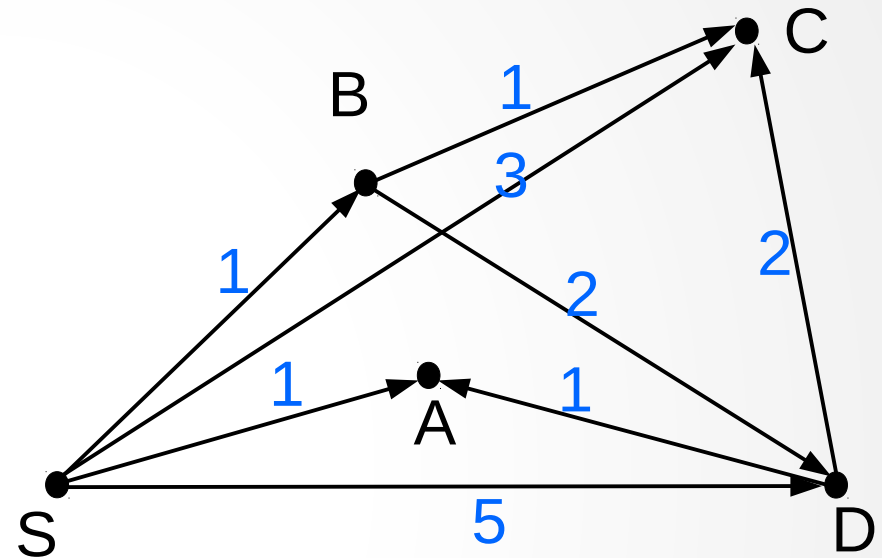
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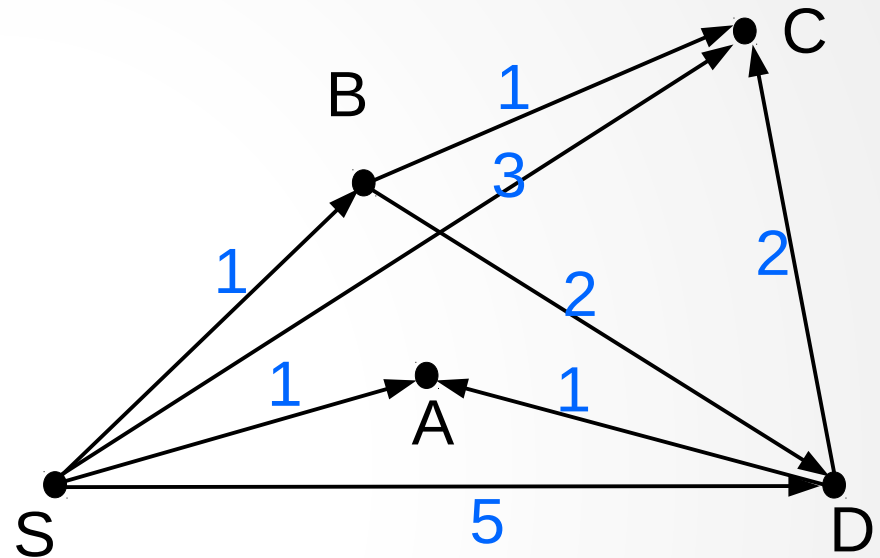
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1 ∞ ∞ ∞
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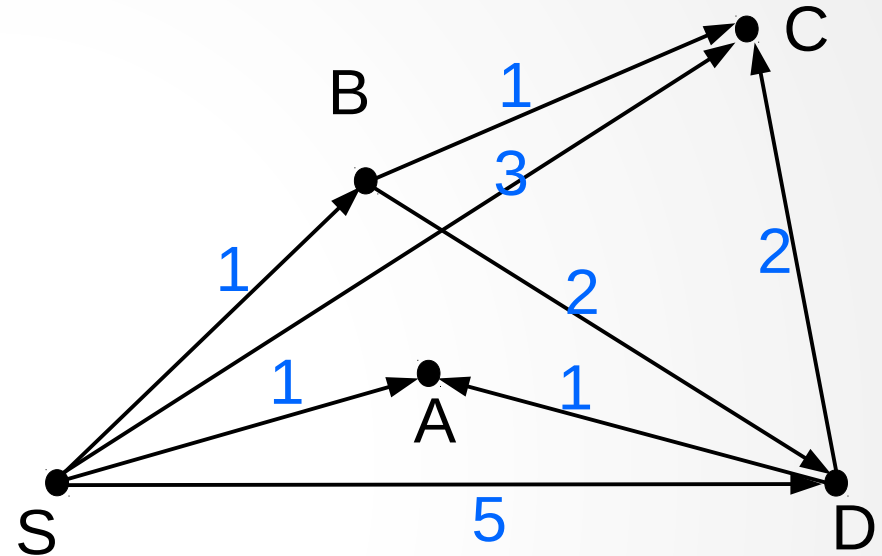
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1 ∞ ∞ ∞

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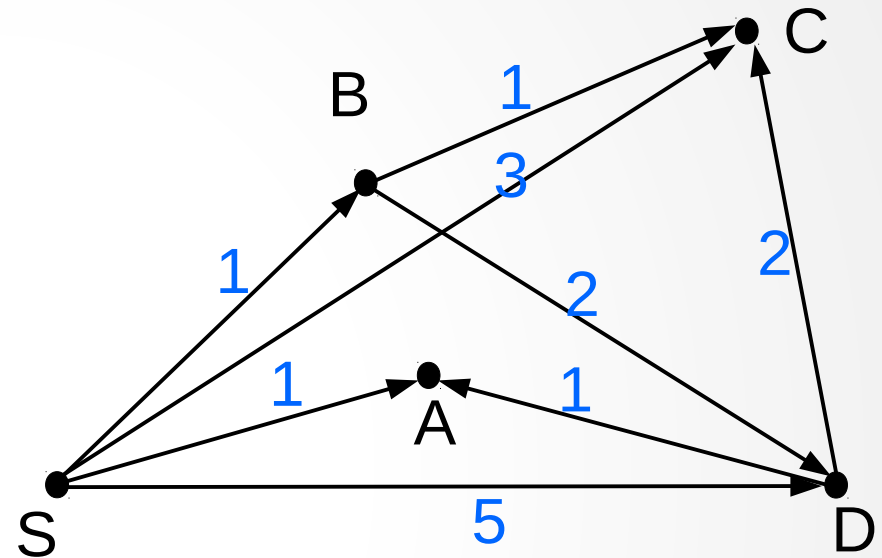
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1 1 ∞ ∞
priority queue: A, B, C, D



dequeued: S

adjacent to S: A, B, C, D

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	None	None
dist.	0	1	1	infty	infty

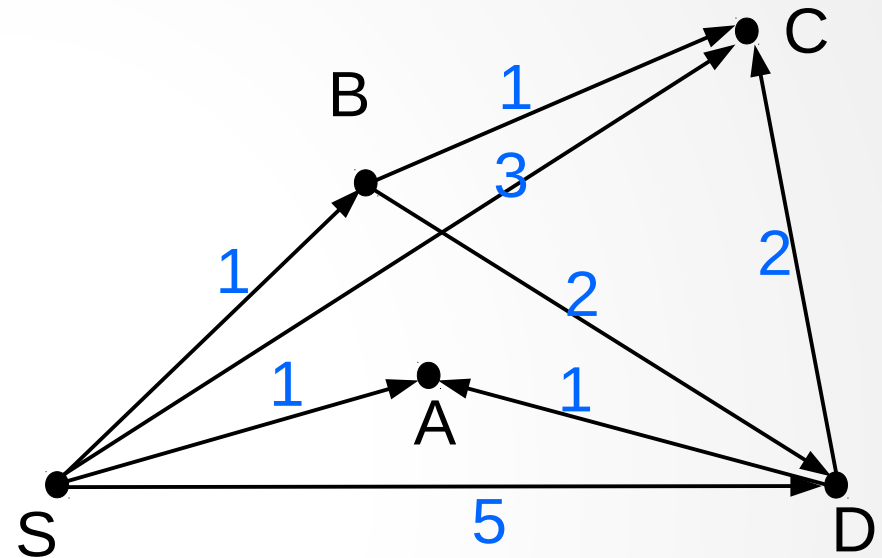
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1 1 ∞ ∞

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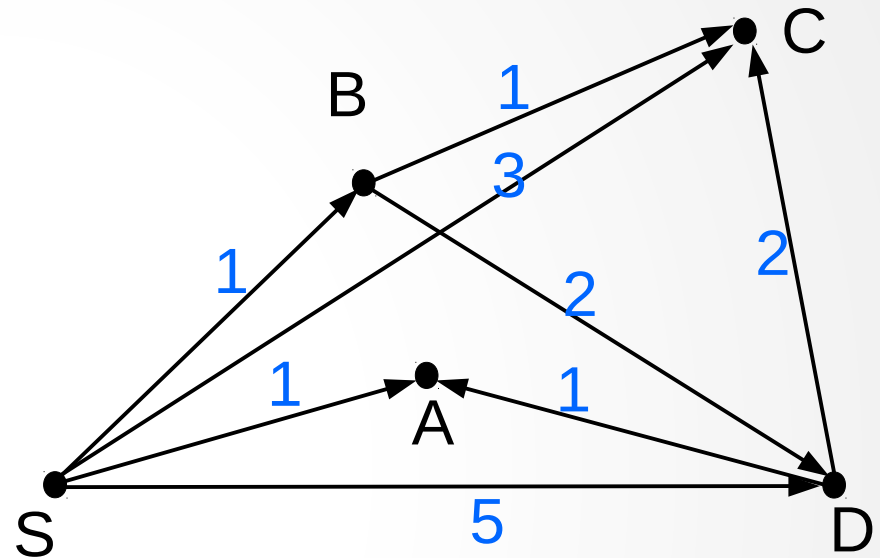
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1 1 3 ∞
priority queue: A, B, C, D



dequeued: S

adjacent to S: A, B, C, D

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	S	None
dist.	0	1	1	3	infty

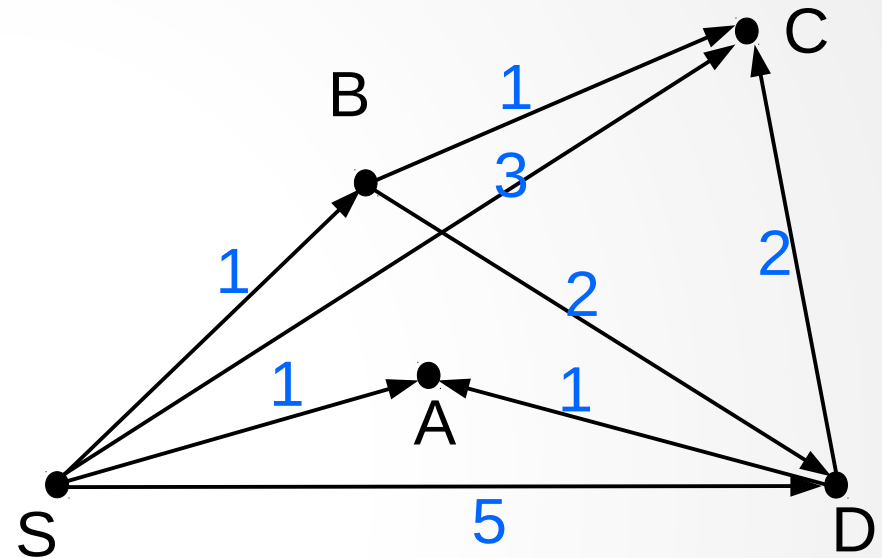
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1 1 3 ∞

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dequeued: S

adjacent to S: A, B, C, D

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	S	None
dist.	0	1	1	3	infty

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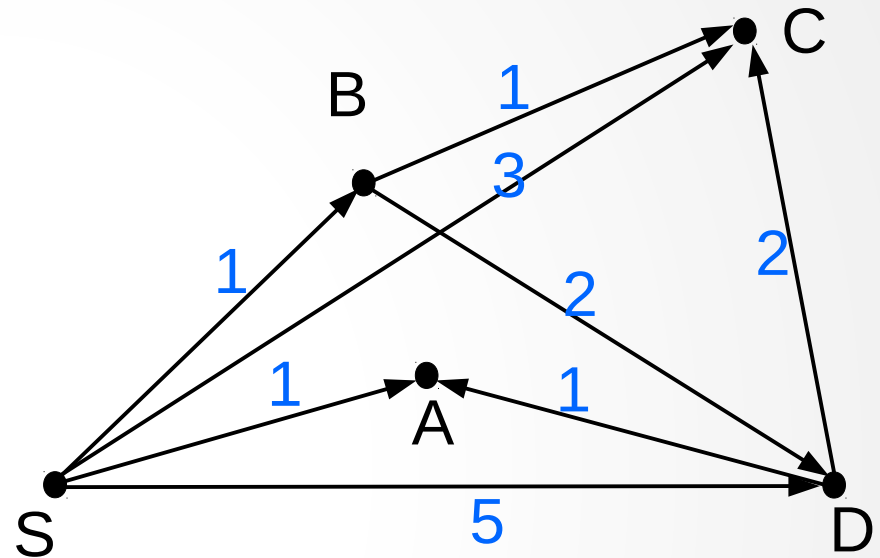
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1 1 3 5
priority queue: A, B, C, D



dequeued: S

adjacent to S: A, B, C, D

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	S	S
dist.	0	1	1	3	5

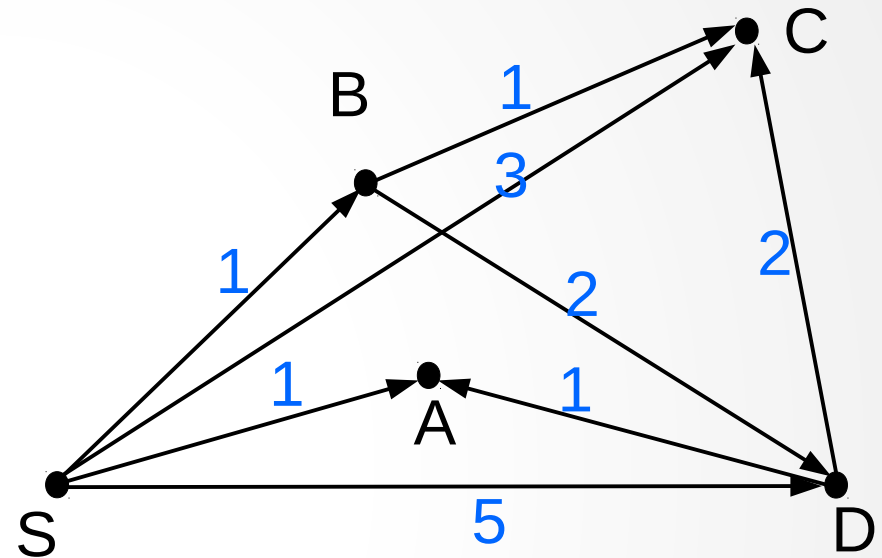
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1 1 3 5

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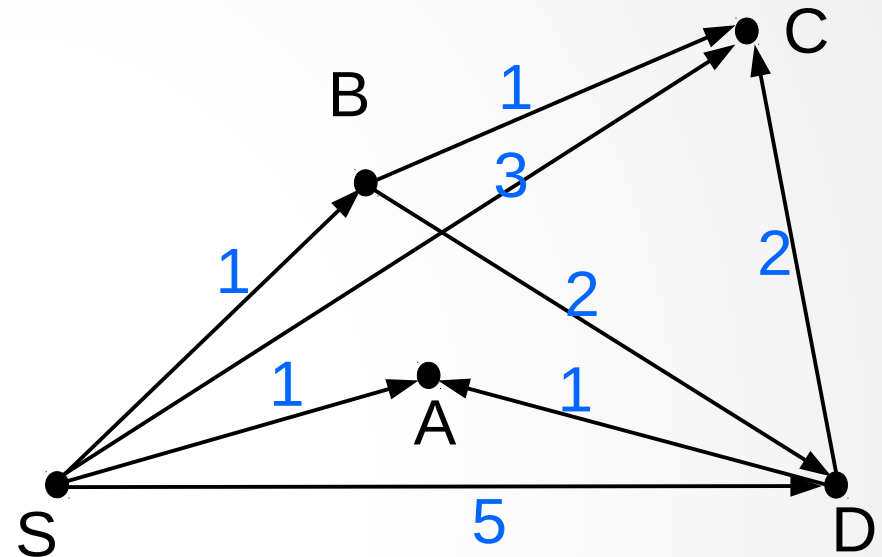
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1 1 3 5

priority queue: A, B, C, D

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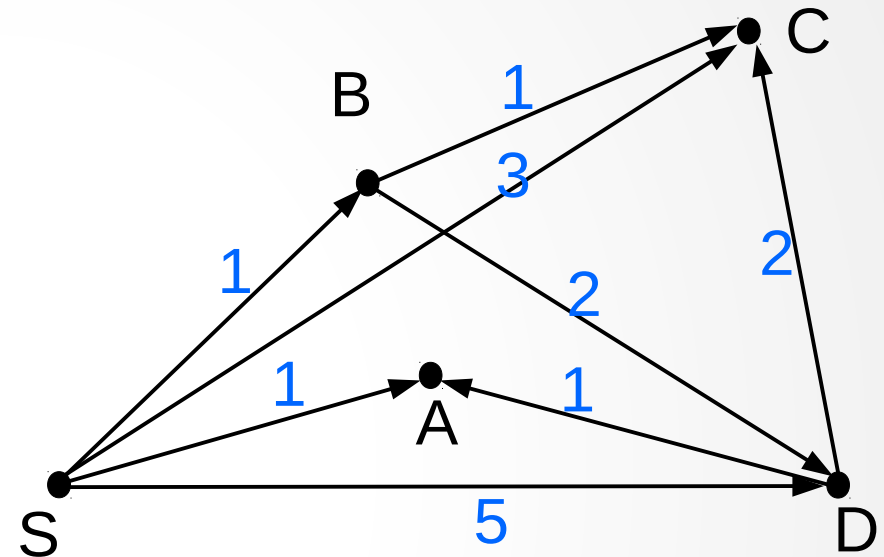
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priority queue: ~~A~~, B, C, D
 1 1 3 5

dequeued: A

adjacent to A:

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	S	S
dist.	0	1	1	3	5

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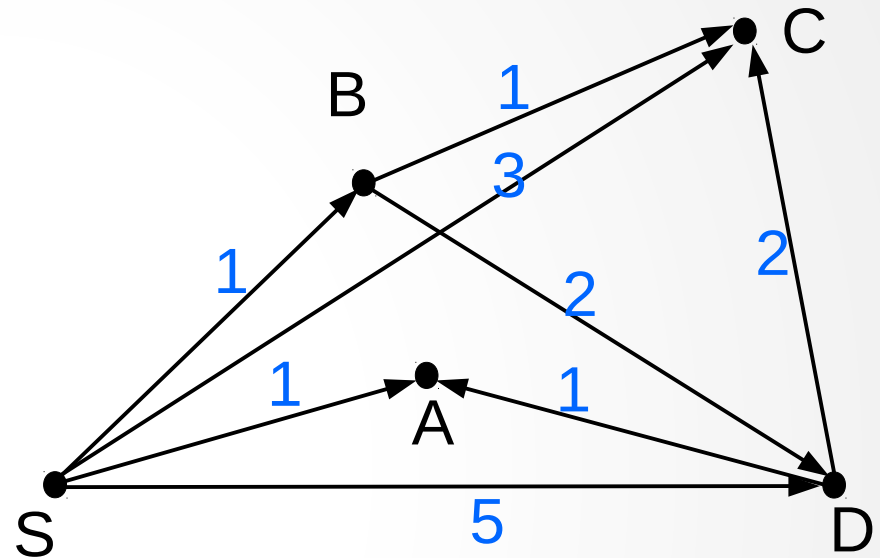
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1 3 5
priority queue: B, C, D

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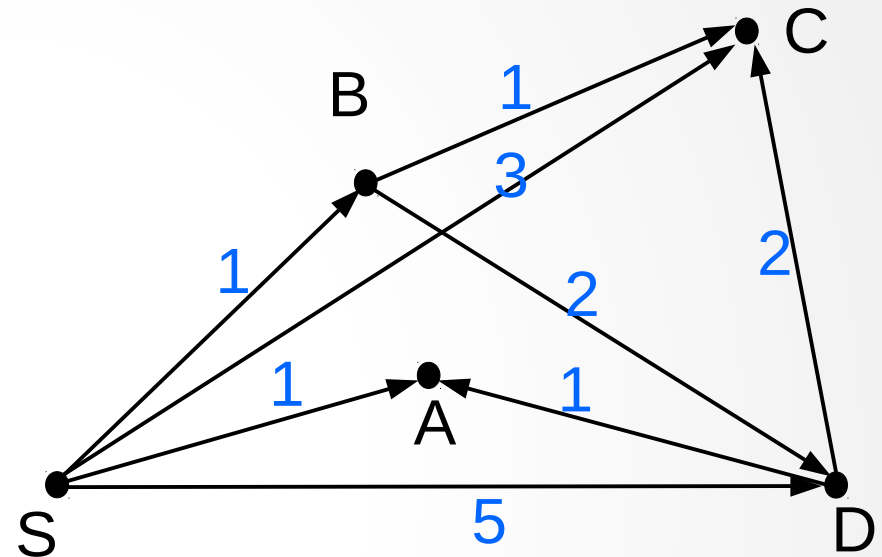
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1 3 5

priority queue: B, C, D

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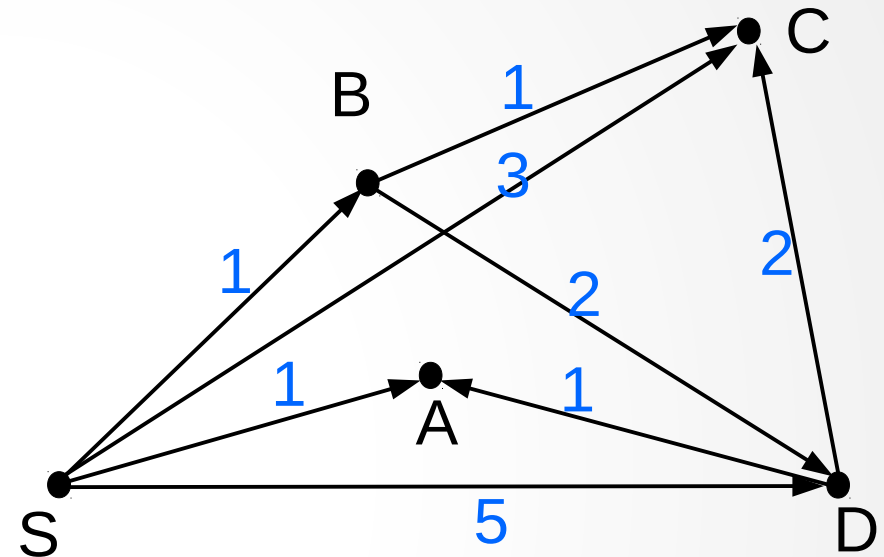
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priority queue: ~~B~~, C, D

Dequeued: B

adjacent to B: C, D

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	S	S
dist.	0	1	1	3	5

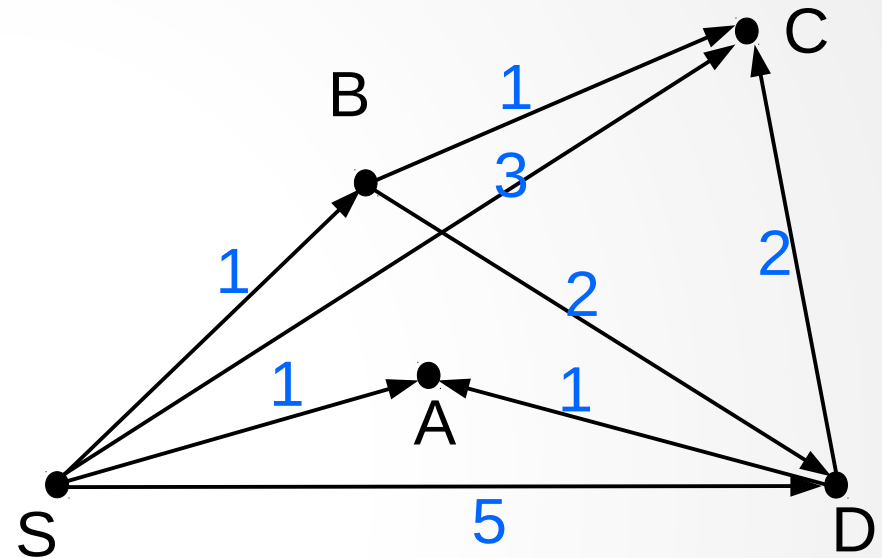
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3 5
priority queue: C, D

Dequeued: B
 adjacent to B: C,D

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parent	None	S	S	S	S
dist.	0	1	1	3	5

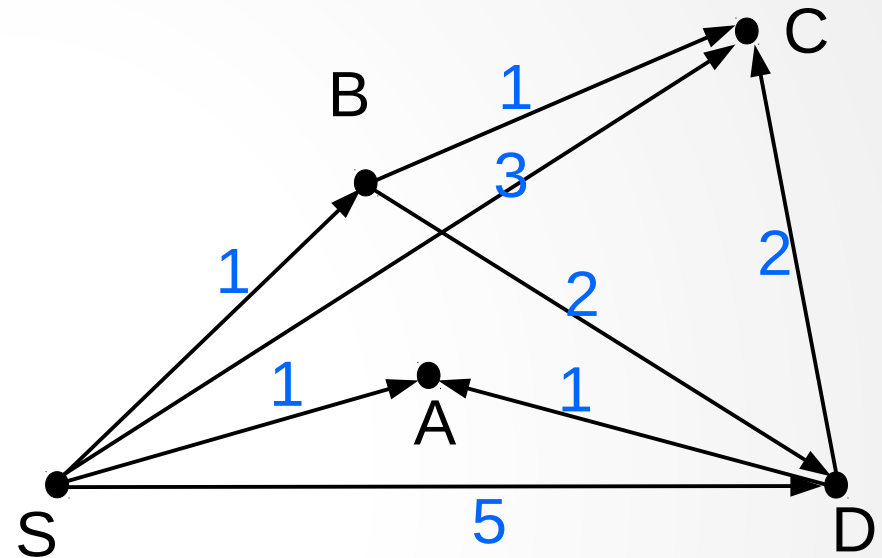
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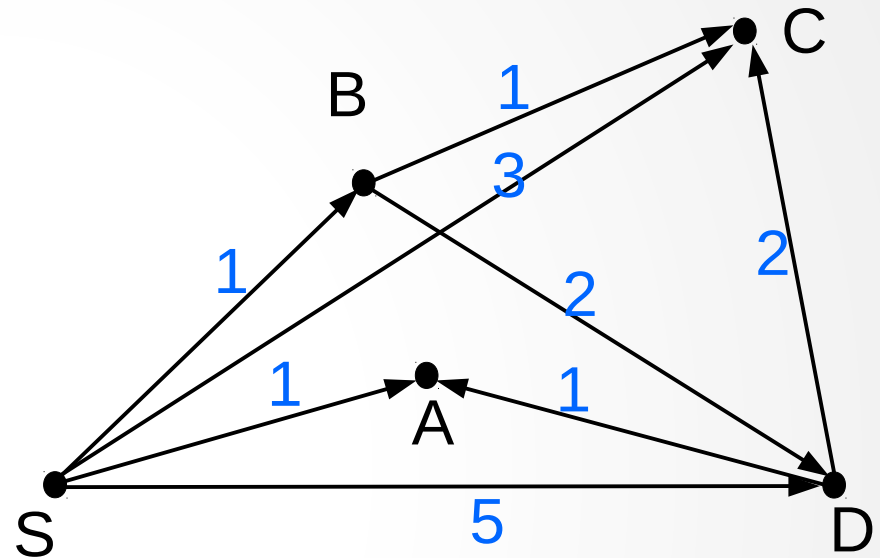
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priority queue: C, D



Dequeued: B
 adjacent to B: **C, D**

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	S B	S
dist.	0	1	1	3 2	5

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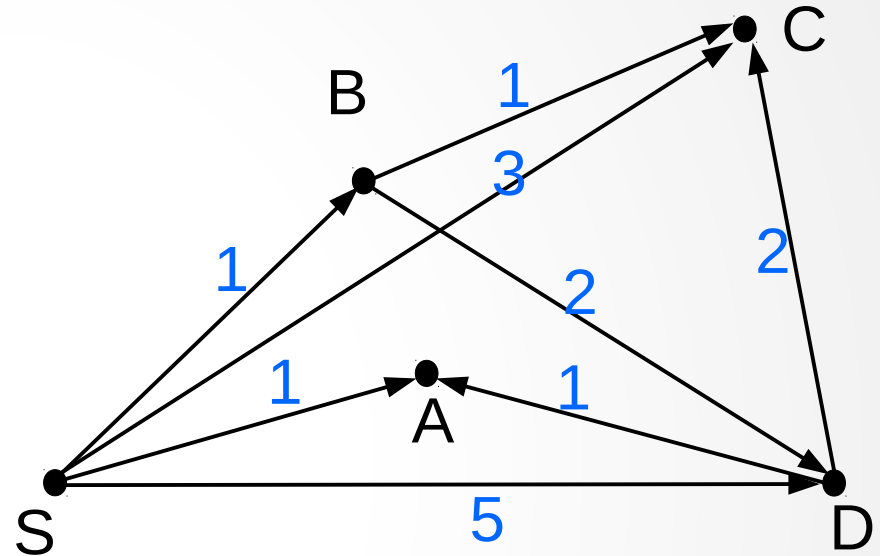
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priority queue: C, D

Dequeued: B

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parent	None	S	S	B	S B
dist.	0	1	1	2	5 3

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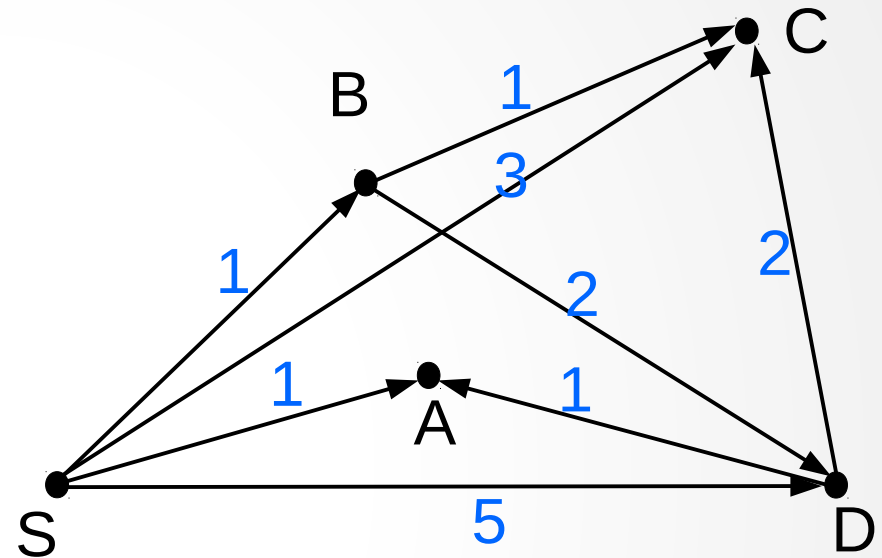
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priority queue: C, D



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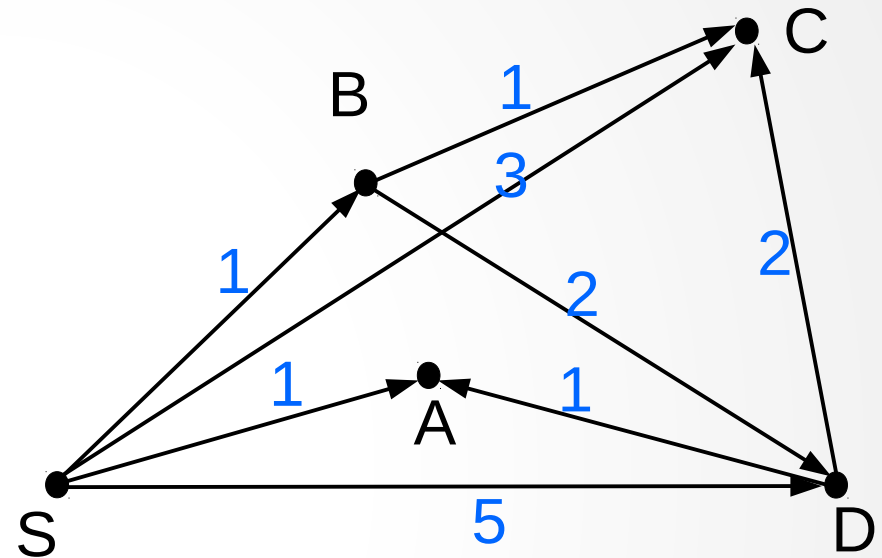
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Dequeued: B
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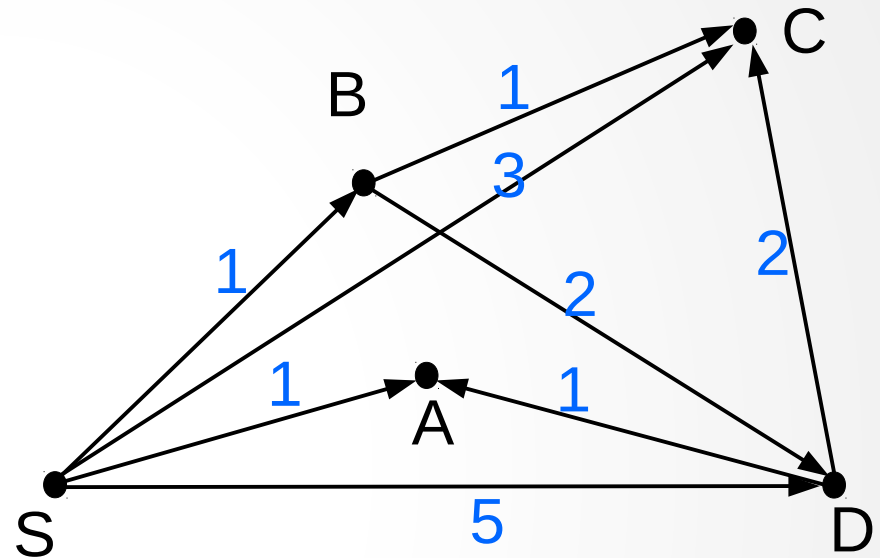
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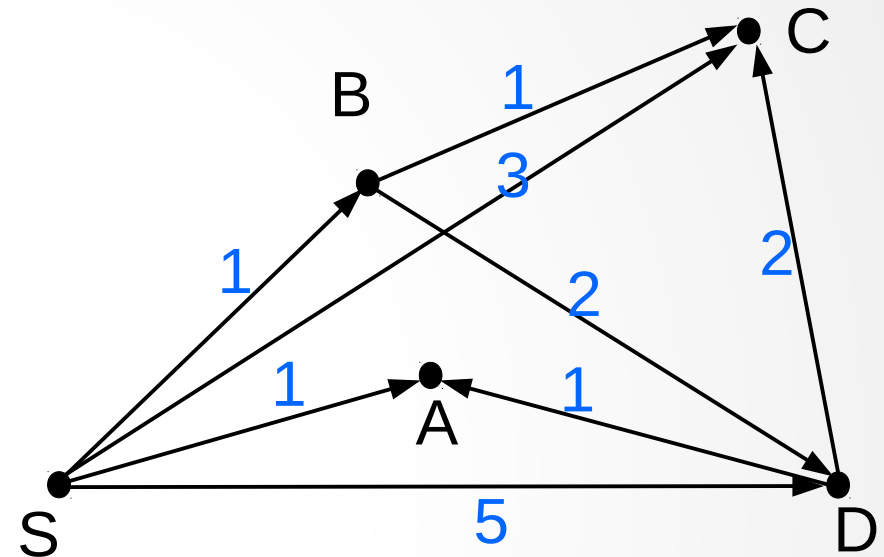
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priority queue: ~~C~~, D

Dequeued: C
adjacent to C:

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parent	None	S	S	B	B
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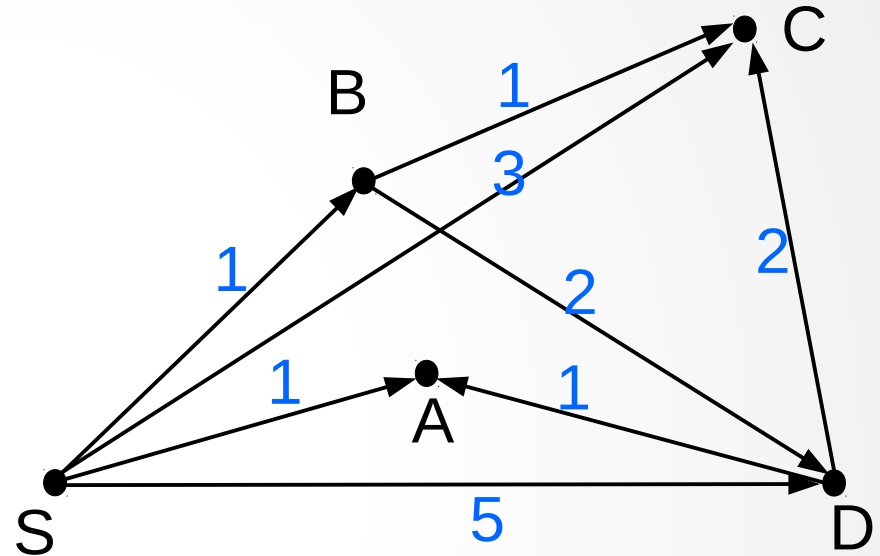
 set **w**'s parent to **v**

 set **w**'s distance to **v**'s dist. + weight(**v,w**)

priority queue: D

Dequeued: C

adjacent to C:



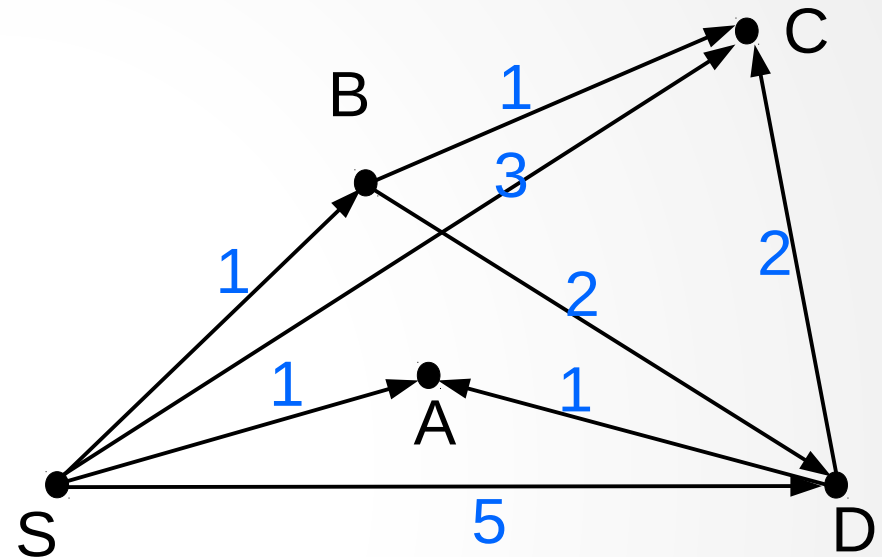
	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

Edgar Dijkstra's algorithm:

set all vertices to have parent **None**.
 set distance for all vertices to *infinity*
 set distance for source vertex to **0**
 insert all vertices into a **priority queue**
 (by distance, smallest first).

→ **while priority queue is not empty:**
 dequeue a vertex v with the shortest distance
for each vertex w adjacent to v :
if w 's distance $>$ (v 's distance + weight(v,w):
 set w 's parent to v
 set w 's distance to v 's dist. + weight(v,w)



priority queue: D

Dequeued:
 adjacent to :

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

Edgar Dijkstra's algorithm:

set all vertices to have parent **None**.

set distance for all vertices to *infinity*

set distance for source vertex to **0**

insert all vertices into a **priority queue** (by distance, smallest first).

while **priority queue is not empty**:

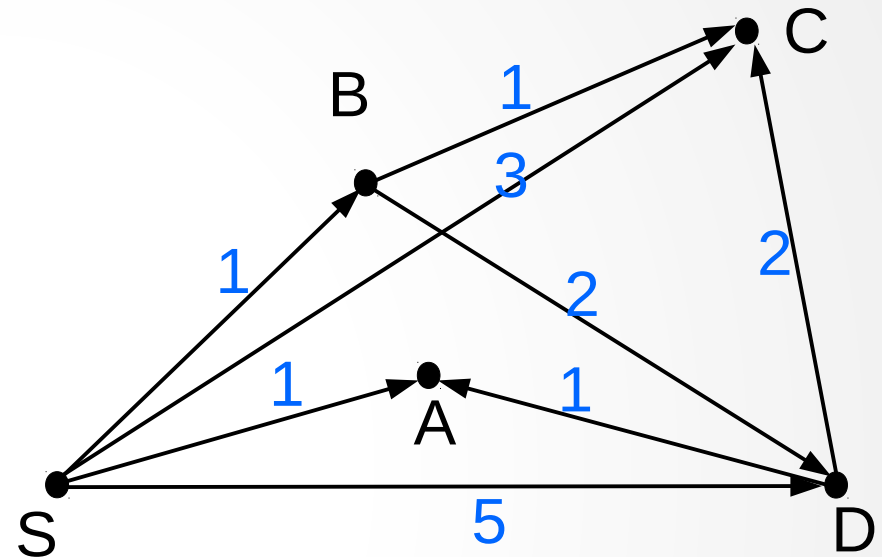
→ dequeue a vertex **v** with the shortest distance

for each vertex **w** adjacent to **v**:

if **w**'s distance > (**v**'s distance + weight(**v,w**):

set **w**'s parent to **v**

set **w**'s distance to **v**'s dist. + weight(**v,w**)



priority queue: ~~D~~³

Dequeued: D

adjacent to D: **A**

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

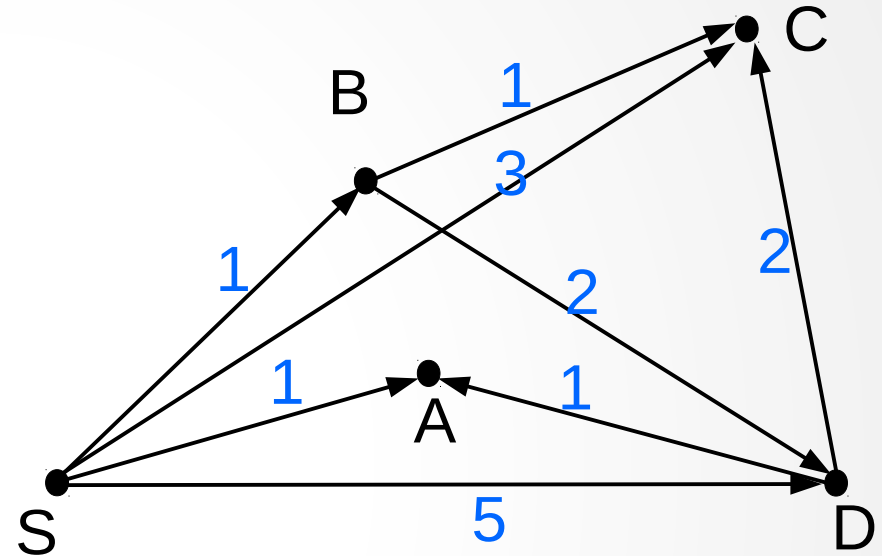
Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

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 set distance for all vertices to *infinity*
 set distance for source vertex to **0**
 insert all vertices into a **priority queue**
 (by distance, smallest first).

while **priority queue** is not empty:
 dequeue a vertex v with the shortest
 distance

→ **for** each vertex w adjacent to v :
if w 's distance $>$ (v 's distance + weight(v,w):
 set w 's parent to v
 set w 's distance to v 's dist. + weight(v,w)



priority queue:

Dequeued: D
 adjacent to D: A

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

Edgar Dijkstra's algorithm:

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set distance for all vertices to *infinity*

set distance for source vertex to **0**

insert all vertices into a **priority queue**
(by distance, smallest first).

while **priority queue is not empty**:

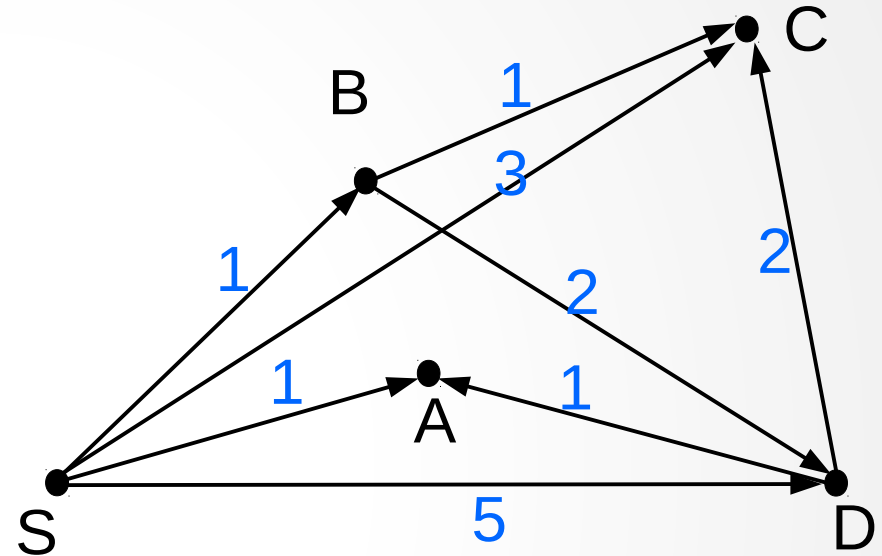
 dequeue a vertex **v** with the shortest
 distance

for each vertex **w** adjacent to **v**:

→ if **w's distance** > (**v's distance** + **weight(v,w)**):

 set **w's parent** to **v**

 set **w's distance** to **v's dist.** + **weight(v,w)** **priority queue:**



Dequeued: D
adjacent to D: **A**

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

Edgar Dijkstra's algorithm:

set all vertices to have parent **None**.

set distance for all vertices to *infinity*

set distance for source vertex to **0**

insert all vertices into a **priority queue**
(by distance, smallest first).

while **priority queue is not empty**:

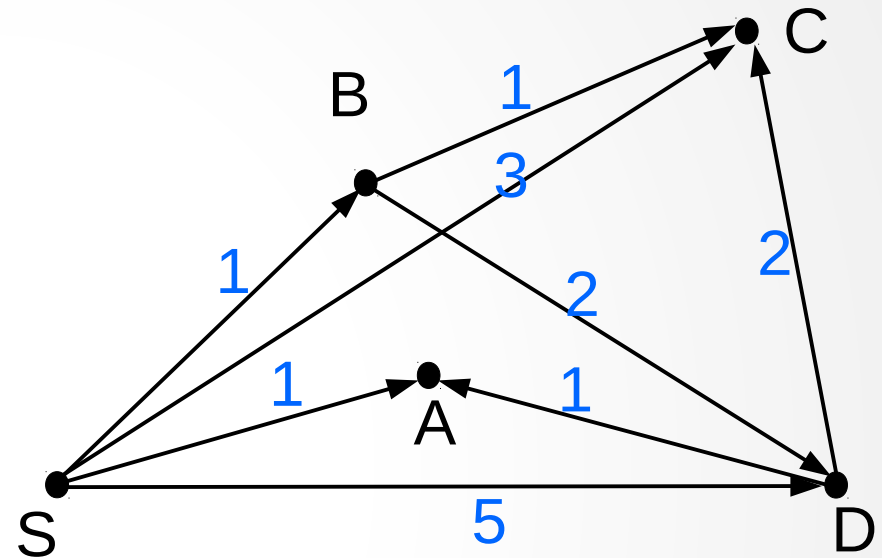
 dequeue a vertex **v** with the shortest
 distance

→ **for** each vertex **w** adjacent to **v**:

if **w's distance** > (**v's distance** + **weight(v,w)**):

 set **w's parent** to **v**

 set **w's distance** to **v's dist.** + **weight(v,w)** **priority queue:**



Dequeued: D
adjacent to D: **A**

	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

Edgar Dijkstra's algorithm:

set all vertices to have parent **None**.

set distance for all vertices to *infinity*

set distance for source vertex to **0**

insert all vertices into a **priority queue** (by distance, smallest first).

→ **while priority queue is not empty:**

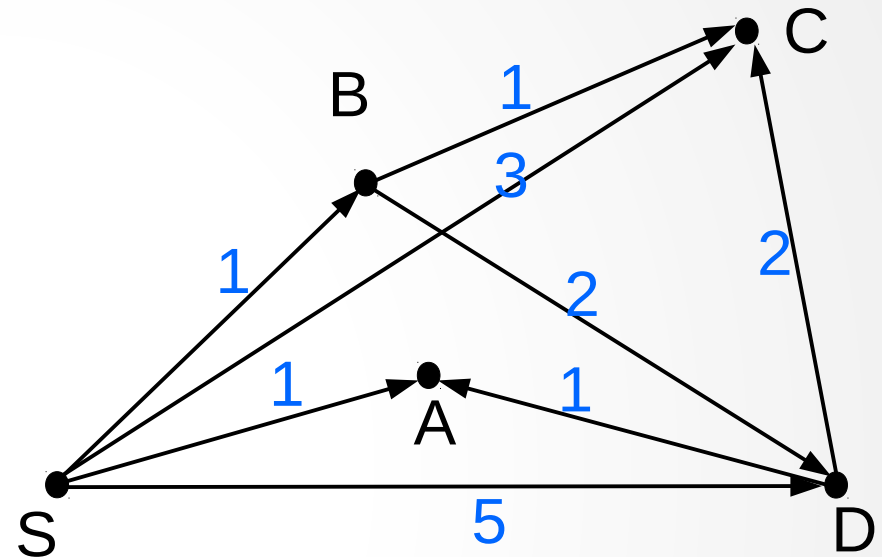
 dequeue a vertex **v** with the shortest distance

for each vertex **w** adjacent to **v**:

if **w**'s distance > (**v**'s distance + weight(**v,w**):

 set **w**'s parent to **v**

 set **w**'s distance to **v**'s dist. + weight(**v,w**)



priority queue:

Dequeued:

adjacent to :

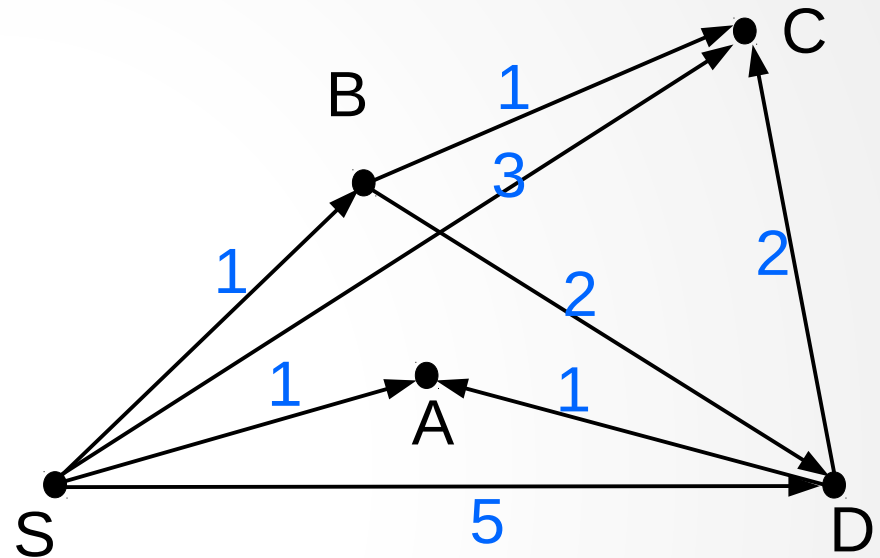
	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

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for each vertex w adjacent to v :
if w 's distance $>$ (v 's distance + weight(v,w):
 set w 's parent to v
 set w 's distance to v 's dist. + weight(v,w)



priority queue:

STOP

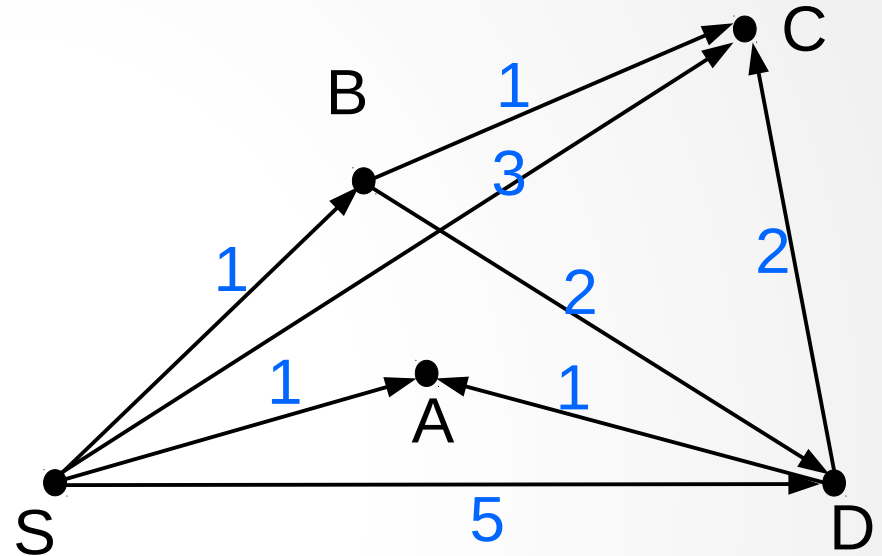
	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3

Dijkstra's algorithm for weighted graphs

The table is ready to be used.

For example,
the shortest path from S to D is
 $S \rightarrow B \rightarrow D$

the shortest path from S to C is
 $S \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$



	S	A	B	C	D
parent	None	S	S	B	B
dist.	0	1	1	2	3