

CSI 32 Final Exam, Review Session 2

1. Assume that **myArray** is a non-empty built-in array of *integers* (not the C++ style array when we include the header `<array>`). What does the following statement do?

```
std::cout<< *(myArray+4);
```

2. Write three definitions of a function that returns a **product of two values** of type double using:

- (a) passing parameters by value
- (b) passing parameters by reference, with a reference argument
- (c) passing parameters by reference, with a pointer argument

Follow-up questions:

- 1) What can I do to “prohibit” any changes to the arguments for cases (b) and (c)?
- 2) Where can approaches (b) and (c) be useful?


Hint: what C++ limitation does it help to overcome?

3. Define a template function, that takes an array of values, finds the greatest of them, and returns it.

4. Give an *interface* of the class **Polynomial**

The internal representation of a Polynomial is an array of coefficients: the value at position *i* is the coefficient of the term with the variable to the power of *i*.

12	-9	0	4	0	11	5
0	1	2	3	4	5	6



$$12 - 9x + 4x^3 + 11x^5 + 5x^6$$

The class should have a *constructor* and a *destructor*, functions *get* and *set*, and provide the following operator capabilities:

- (1) `operator+` (overloads addition of two Polynomials)
- (2) `operator-` (overloads subtraction of two Polynomials)
- (3) `operator*` (overloads multiplication of two Polynomials)
- (4) `operator+=` (overloads addition assignment)
- (5) `operator-=` (overloads subtraction assignment)
- (6) `operator*=` (overloads multiplication assignment)

Give definitions of constructor and destructor, but provide only prototypes for the rest.