

CSI 31 Review and Practice

Topics:

1. Decision structures
2. Loops
3. Conditionals
4. Flowcharts
5. Functions
6. Structure charts
(module hierarchy charts)

Example 1

For the following piece of code:

```
a = int(input("enter an integer value:"))
b = int(input("enter an integer value:"))
c = int(input("enter an integer value:"))

d = b*b-4*a*c

if d > 0:
    print("two real roots")

elif d == 0:
    print("one real root")

else:
    print(" no real number roots")
```

Predict the output of the following input values

- (a) 1, 8, -5 (b) 5, 4, 4 (c) 1, -6, 9 (d) 5, f, 9

if the numbers/letters will be entered one by one

Example 2

Draw a flowchart for the following piece of code:

```
a = float(input("enter an decimal value:"))
b = float(input("enter an decimal value:"))

if a+b > 10:
    print("a")
    if a*b > 0:
        print("b")
    elif a*b == 0:
        print("c")
    else:
        print("d")

else:
    print("d")
    if a*b > 6:
        print("e")
    elif a*b < -6:
        print("f")
    else:
        print("g")
```

Example 2-2

Draw a flowchart for the following piece of code:

```
a = float(input("enter an decimal value:"))
b = float(input("enter an decimal value:"))

if a+b > 10:
    print("a")
    if a*b > 0:
        print("b")
    elif a*b == 0:
        print("c")
    else:
        print("d")

else:
    print("d")
    if a*b > 6:
        print("e")
    elif a*b < -6:
        print("f")
    else:
        print("g")
print("h")
```

Example 3

What does each of the following blocks of code displays in Python shell when run?

(a)

```
L = [1,9,2,6,9,9,5,8,3]
for i in L:
    if i == 9:
        print(1,end="")
    else:
        print(0,end="")
```

(b)

```
s = 28
while s > 8:
    if s >= 16:
        s = s // 2
    else:
        s += 3
print(s)
```

Example 3

What does each of the following blocks of code displays in Python shell when run?

(c)

```
st = "jhkHFKod"  
s = ""
```

```
for i in range(0, len(st), 2):  
    s += st[i+1] + st[i]  
print(s)
```

(b)

```
m = 10  
s = 0  
while m > 0:  
    s += 2** (m%2)  
    m -= 1  
print(s)
```

Example 4

Draw the flowchart for the following code

```
k = int(input("Enter a positive integer  
greater than 100:"))  
p = 1  
while k > 1:  
    if k % 2 == 0:  
        p = p*k  
    k = k // 2  
print(p)
```

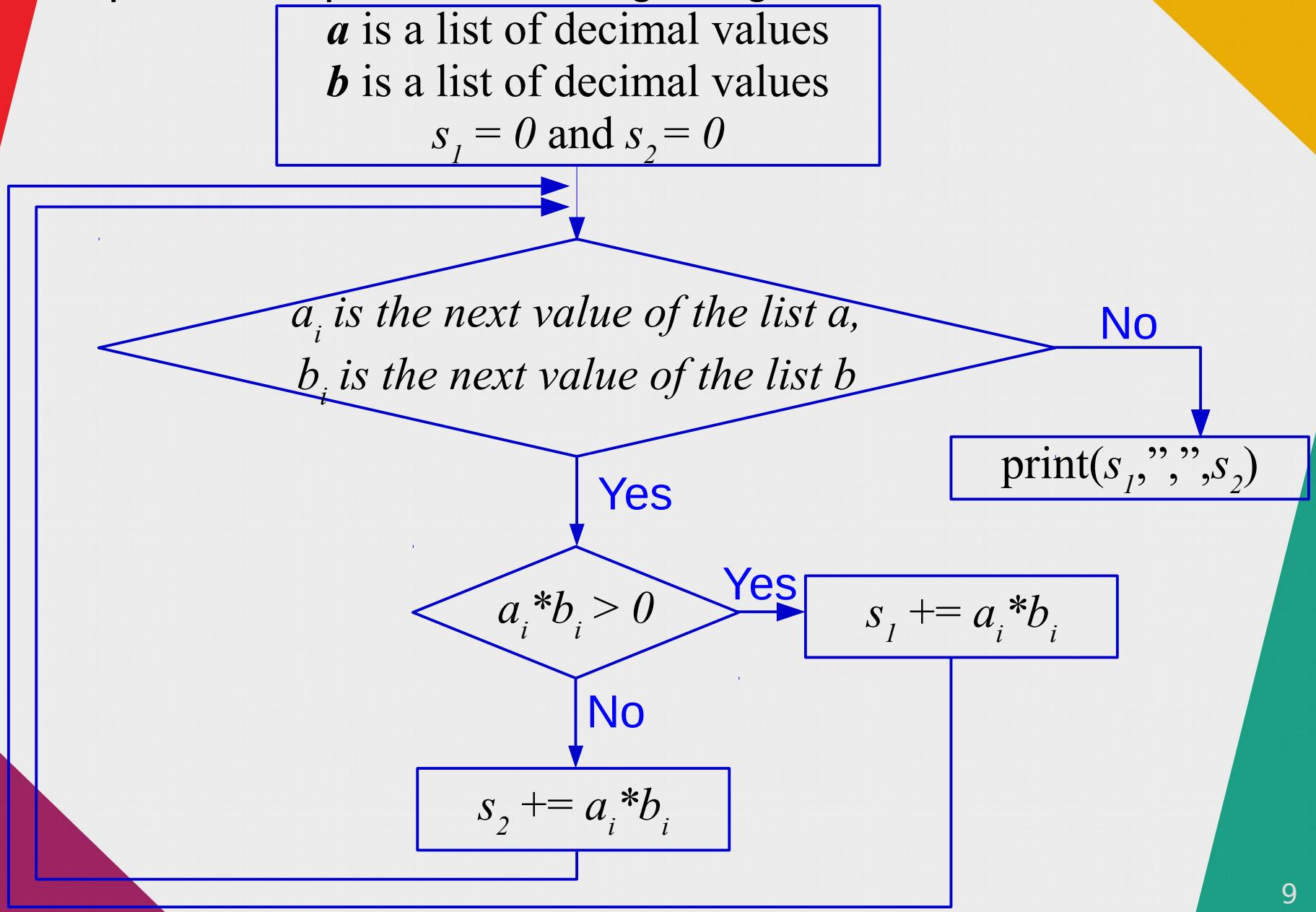
Example 5

What is wrong with the following code?

```
k = int(input("Enter an integer:"))
p = 1
while k > 1:
    if k % 2 == 0:
        p = p*k
        k = k - 1
    print(k)
print(p)
```

Example 6

Implement a procedure using the given flowchart:



Example 7

What does the following code print?

```
def f1(a,b):
    return a+b

def f2(a,b):
    return a*b

def f3(a,b):
    if a > b:
        return a
    else:
        return b

def main():
    a, b = 2, 7
    print(f1(a,b))
    print(f2(a,b))
    print(f3(a,b))

main()
```

Example 8

What does the following code print?

```
def g1(a,b):
    a.append(5)
    b = b + " hello"
    print("a=",a)
    print("b=",b)

def main():
    x = [1,2,9]
    y = "my"
    print("x=",x)
    print("y=",y)
    g1(x,y)
    print(x)
    print(y)

main()
```

Example 9

Given a program below draw its structure chart.

```
def p():
    print("Bonjour madame.")
    print("Comment allez vous?")

def g():
    a = int(input("Enter a number:"))
    return abs(a)

def m():
    s = input("Enter a sentence:")
    return s

def o(x,y):
    """ x in a positive integer, y is a string """
    return(y*x)

def main():
    p()
    num = g()
    phrase = m()
    print(o(num,phrase))

main()
```

Example 10

What will the following code print?

```
L = ["hop", "crawl", "jump", "walk",
"slide", "tiptoe"]
D = ""

for i in range(4):
    index = (i+1+len(L[i]))%6
    D = D + "I " + L[index] + ", then "
D += "I stop!"
print(D)
```

Example 11

What dictionary D does the following code generate?

```
L = ["hop", "crawl", "jump", "walk",  
"slide", "tiptoe"]
```

```
D = {}
```

```
for i in range(6):  
    D[i*i] = L[i]
```